IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

ROBERT S. HILLARD,)	8:09CV120
)	
Petitioner,)	
)	
V.)	MEMORANDUM
)	AND ORDER
STATE OF NEBRASKA,)	
)	
Respondent.)	

Petitioner filed a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. (Filing No. 1.) The court has conducted an initial review of the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus to determine whether the claims made by Petitioner are, when liberally construed, potentially cognizable in federal court. Petitioner made four claims.

Condensed and summarized for clarity, the claims asserted by Petitioner are:

Claim One: Petitioner was denied due process of law in violation

of the Fourteenth Amendment *because* the Jefferson County Attorney failed to timely petition the mental health board for a reconsideration of Petitioner's

outpatient commitment.

Claim Two: Petitioner was denied due process of law in violation

of the Fourteenth Amendment *because* the sheriff took Petitioner's ability to call emergency services

from his cellular phone.

Claim Three: Petitioner was denied due process and equal

protection of the laws in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment *because* the Jefferson County District Court Judge refused to adhere to Nebraska statutory laws relating to the abuse of adults.

Claim Four:

Petitioner received the ineffective assistance of counsel in violation of the Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments because Petitioner's trial counsel (1) did not move for a directed verdict at the close of the trial; (2) did not investigate whether Petitioner was competent to stand trial; (3) did not call certain witnesses to testify at trial; (4) did not allow Petitioner to testify at trial; (5) did not move for a mistrial when Petitioner explained he was being denied his medication; (6) did not move for a mistrial after learning the prosecution lost, withheld, or destroyed exculpatory evidence; (7) did not withdraw as counsel after Petitioner alleged he was ineffective; and (8) did not file a notice of appeal in a timely manner.

Liberally construed, the court preliminarily decides that all four of Petitioner's claims are potentially cognizable in federal court. However, the court cautions that no determination has been made regarding the merits of these claims or any defenses to them or whether there are procedural bars that will prevent Petitioner from obtaining the relief sought.

Petitioner requests the appointment of counsel. (Filing No. <u>6</u>.) "There is neither a constitutional nor statutory right to counsel in habeas proceedings; instead, [appointment] is committed to the discretion of the trial court." <u>McCall v. Benson</u>, <u>114 F.3d 754, 756 (8th Cir. 1997)</u>. As a general rule, counsel will not be appointed unless the case is unusually complex or the petitioner's ability to investigate and

articulate the claims is unusually impaired or an evidentiary hearing is required. *See*, e.g., <u>Morris v. Dormire</u>, 217 F.3d 556, 558-59 (8th Cir. 2000), <u>cert. denied</u>, 531 U.S. 984 (2000); <u>Hoggard v. Purkett</u>, 29 F.3d 469, 471 (8th Cir. 1994) (citations omitted). See also Rule 8(c) of the <u>Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District Courts</u> (requiring appointment of counsel if an evidentiary hearing is warranted). In short, there is no need for the appointment of counsel at this time.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

- 1. Upon initial review of the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (filing no. 1), the court preliminarily determines that all four of Petitioner's claims are potentially cognizable in federal court.
- 2. Petitioner's request for the appointment of counsel (filing no. $\underline{6}$) is denied without prejudice to reassertion.
- 3. The Clerk of the court is directed to mail copies of this Memorandum and Order and Petitioner's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (filing no. 1) to Respondent and the Nebraska Attorney General by regular first-class mail.
- 4. By July 5, 2009, Respondent shall file a motion for summary judgment or state court records in support of an answer. The Clerk of the court is directed to set a pro se case management deadline in this case using the following text: July 5, 2009: deadline for Respondent to file state court records in support of answer or motion for summary judgment.
- 5. If Respondent elects to file a motion for summary judgment, the following procedures shall be followed by Respondent and Petitioner:
 - A. The motion for summary judgment shall be accompanied by a

separate brief, submitted at the time of the filing of the motion.

- B. The motion for summary judgment shall be supported by such state court records as are necessary to support the motion. Those records shall be contained in a separate filing entitled: "Designation of State Court Records in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment."
- C. Copies of the motion for summary judgment, the designation, including state court records, and Respondent's brief shall be served upon Petitioner *except* that Respondent is only required to provide Petitioner with a copy of the specific pages of the record which are cited in Respondent's brief. In the event that the designation of state court records is deemed insufficient by Petitioner, Petitioner may file a motion with the court requesting additional documents. Such motion shall set forth the documents requested and the reasons the documents are relevant to the cognizable claims.
- D. No later than 30 days following the filing of the motion for summary judgment, Petitioner shall file and serve a brief in opposition to the motion for summary judgment. Petitioner shall submit no other documents unless directed to do so by the court.
- E. No later than 30 days after the filing Petitioner's brief, Respondent shall file and serve a reply brief. In the event that Respondent elects not to file a reply brief, he should inform the court by filing a notice stating that he will not file a reply brief and that the motion is therefore fully submitted for decision.

- F. If the motion for summary judgment is denied, Respondent shall file an answer, a designation and a brief that complies with terms of this order. (See the following paragraph.) The documents shall be filed no later than 30 days after the denial of the motion for summary judgment. Respondent is warned that the failure to file an answer, a designation and a brief in a timely fashion may result in the imposition of sanctions, including the release of Petitioner.
- 6. If Respondent elects to file an answer, the following procedures shall be followed by Respondent and Petitioner:
 - A. By July 5, 2009, Respondent shall file <u>all</u> state court records which are relevant to the cognizable claims. See, e.g., Rule 5(c)-(d) of the <u>Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District Courts</u>. Those records shall be contained in a separate filing entitled: "Designation of State Court Records In Support of Answer."
 - B. No later than 30 days after the filing of the relevant state court records, Respondent shall file an answer. The answer shall be accompanied by a separate brief, submitted at the time of the filing of the answer. Both the answer and brief shall address all matters germane to the case including, but not limited to, the merits of Petitioner's allegations that have survived initial review, and whether any claim is barred by a failure to exhaust state remedies, a procedural bar, non-retroactivity, a statute of limitations, or because the petition is an unauthorized second or successive petition. See, e.g., Rules 5(b) and 9 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District

Courts.

- C. Copies of the answer, the designation, and Respondent's brief shall be served upon Petitioner at the time they are filed with the court *except* that Respondent is only required to provide Petitioner with a copy of the specific pages of the designated record which are cited in Respondent's brief. In the event that the designation of state court records is deemed insufficient by Petitioner, Petitioner may file a motion with the court requesting additional documents. Such motion shall set forth the documents requested and the reasons the documents are relevant to the cognizable claims.
- D. No later than 30 days following the filing of Respondent's brief, Petitioner shall file and serve a brief in response. Petitioner shall submit no other documents unless directed to do so by the court.
- E. No later than 30 days after the filing of Petitioner's brief, Respondent shall file and serve a reply brief. In the event that Respondent elects not to file a reply brief, he should inform the court by filing a notice stating that he will not file a reply brief and that the merits of the petition are therefore fully submitted for decision.
- F. The Clerk of the court is directed to set a pro se case management deadline in this case using the following text: August 4, 2009: check for Respondent to file answer and separate brief.
- 7. No discovery shall be undertaken without leave of the court. *See* Rule 6 of the *Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District Courts*.

8.

All pending motions are denied without prejudice to reassertion in

accordance with the progression schedule set forth above.		
May 22, 2009.	BY THE COURT:	
	s/ Joseph F. Bataillon Chief United States District Judge	